northwest to central Dakota. The average temperature at the summit of Pike's Feak was 12°, and at Mt. Washington, 11°, 5. The mean for San Diego is 59° instead of 51°—whence the average for the whole l'acific coast is higher than the normal by about 3°.

Miximum and Minimum Temperatures.—The maxima above 80° were: 89° at Chrisiana on the 16th; 87° Boerne, 14th; 84° Dodge City, 22hd; 83° Key West, 4th and 8th, Shreveport, 27th, and Forb Sill, 26th; 82° St. Marks; 28th; 81° Jacksonville; 28th, and Denison, 27th; 80° Punta Rassa, 5th; Forb Gilson, 27th. The maxima below 45° were: 31° at Pike's Peak on the 26th; 36° Mt. Washington, 27th; and 28th: 43° Alpena, 29th; and Breckenridge, 28th and 31st; 44° Escanaba, 29th; 45° Pembina, 28th; The minima above 35° were: 58° Key West, 22nd; 50° Punta Rassa, 11th; 47° San Francisco, 31st; 39° Galveston, 9th, and New Orleans, 19th; 37° Indianola, 9th; 36° Jacksonville; 19th. The minima below —8° were: —22° at Pembina, 7th; —21° Mt. Washington, 19th; —14° Yankton, 8th, and Breckenridge, 24th; —10° Pike's Peak, 8th, and Alpena, 17th; —9° St. Paul, 9th, Escanaba, 20th, Virginia City, 3rd.

Ranges of Temperature.—Large diumali ranges are reported as follows: Denver, 48°, Cheyenne, 41°, 5th. Dodge City, 50°, 17th. Denison, 40°, 8th. Yankton, 38°, Leavenworth, 42°, Mt. Washington, 38°, 1st. The largest monthly ranges were 79° at Yankton; 77° at Dodge City; 75° at Denver; 73° at Omaha; 71° at Leavenworth; 57° at Mt. Washington. The smallest monthly ranges: 39° at Cape Hatteris and Enstport, 38° at New Orleans, 37° at Thatcher's Island, 36° at Galveston, 26° at San Francisco.

Frosts, as reported from Southern States, are as follows: Alabama, Carlowville on the 3rd, 6th, 7th, 10th, 15th, 15th, 16th, 18th, 22nd, 26th. Arkansas, at Mount Ida, very frequent, and Monticello on the 6th, 9th, 10th. Florida, at Milton, 6th, 7th, 23rd; Newport, 7th, 10th, 11th, 15th; Welborn, 11th; Mayport, 16th, 19th; Daytona, 19th. Georgia, St. Mary's, 7th, 11th, 18th, 19th. Louisiana, Point Pleasant, 6th, 10th, 18th. Mississippi, Brookhaven, 3rd, 6th, 10th, 18th, 22nd; Favette, 6th, 10th, 18th, 22nd, 26th. North Carolina, Weldon, 11th, (heavy); Lenoir, 30th, (black frost.) South Carolina, Spartanburg, 6th, 7th, 10th, 30th, 31st. Texas, Clarksville, 4th, 5th, 6th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 17th, 25th; Melissa, 4th, 5th, 6th, 8th, 25th, Austin, 4th, 18th. Virginia, Hampton, 1st, 6th, 10th, 11th, 15th, 16th, 18th, 19th, 20th.

Ice.—The formation of ice in small rivers, ponds, &c., is reported as follows: New York, at Wappinger's Fulls, pond ice, 6 inches thick, 1st; Vermillion, pond ice, 20 in thick, at close of month. Vermont, Lunenburgh, pond ice, 20 in thick, at close of month.

PRECIPITATION.

The general distribution of rain or melted snow is shown upon chart No. III, from which it will be seen that a large excess of rain has fallen over the Lower Lakes. St Lawrence valley and New England. A deficiency is reported from the Western Gulf States and Upper Missouri. In other regions a slight excess has fallen.

Small monthly rainfalls.—Stations reporting very small rainfalls: Tucson, A. T. and Fort Hartsuff, Neb., 0.20; Camp Lowell, A. T., 0.19; Fort Larned, Kan., 0.18; Fort Bridger, Wyo., 0.16; Santa Fe, N. Mex. and Rio Grand, Tex., 0.14; South Pueblo, Colo., 0.13; Fort Sill, Ind. T. and Jucksboro, Tex., 0.11; Fort Garland, Colo., 0.16; Stanwix, A. T., 0.05 in.

Largest monthly rainfalls.—Stations reporting large monthly rainfalls are as follows: Worcester, Mass., 9.03; Mt. Desert, Me., 9.04; New Bedford, Mass., 9.05; Sandy Hook, N. Y., 9.09; Waltham, Mass., 9.35; Somerset, Mass., 9.43; Boston, Mass., 9.79; Newport, R. I., 10.02; Cape Hatteras, N. C., 10.41; Fort Warren, Mass., 10.48; Fall River, Mass., 10.58 and 10.73; Wood's Holl, Mass., 10.78; New London, Conn., 10.96; Portland, Or., 11.31; Mt. Washington, 11.64 inches.

Largest daily rains and snows.—In the rear of storm No. X heavy snows fell, thus in Luzerne Cor-Penn., 18 inches fell on the 27th, 28th and 29th. The heaviest rains were: 1st, at Mobile, 3.26 inches, New Orleans, 3.02; 21st and 22nd, Kittyhawk, 3.48; 22nd and 23rd, Wood's Holl, 3.89; 22nd, Cape Hatterus, 3.60; 25th, Gainesville, Ga., 3.00; 25th and 26th, Spartanburg, S. C., 3.00; 26th, New London, 3.80; 26th and 27th, Springfield, Mass., 3.96, Sandy Hook, 3.94; 27th, Mt. Washington, 5.29.

Snowfall.—The general distribution of the monthly snow-fall was as follows: At various stations in Texas and Mississippi from 0.3 to 0.5 in.; in the eastern half of Colorado, and in Nebraska and Kansas, 1 to 5; Tennessee, South Carolina and Virginia, 0.3 to 7; Dakota and Minnesota, 11 to 15, in Iowa, Illinois, Indiana and Ohio varies from 1 to 32; along the Middle and East Atlantic coasts from 2 to 16; in the Lake region and on the west slope of the Alleghanies from 9 to 41. The highest figures reported are: 33 in. at Litchfield, Mich., and Madison, Wis.; 36 in. at Geneva, Wis.; 41 in. at Belvidere, Ill.

Depth of snow at close of month.—At exposed stations in New York, Michigan, Wisconsin and Minnesotal there still laid on the ground from 2 to 8 inches.

Cloudy days.—The number of days upon which the cloudiness has averaged eight or more, on a scale

of ten, as reported principally by voluntary observers, ranges throughout the Middle and Eastern States from 9 to 23; South Atlantic States, 5 to 9; Ohio valley and Tennessee, 8 to 15; Lower Lakes, 9 to 23; Upper Lakes, 5 to 16; Northwest, 6 to 14; from Colorado to the Missouri valley, 3 to 17; Gulf States, 5 to 11. The least cloudiness is reported from Colorado, 3 days, and the greatest from New York, 23 days.

Rainy days.—The number of days on which rain or snow has fallen, as reported by the Signal Service observers, is least at Fort Dodge, Kan., 4 days, and greatest at Rochester, N. Y., 25 days. An average of 4 or 5 days is reported over the region from Nebraska to northern Texas, as also at Galveston and San Francisco; 6 to 7 in northern Florida; 9 to 12 are reported in the remaining portion of the Gulf States, Georgia, South Carolina, and the interior of North Carolina, as also over a narrow belt from Louisiana to Dakota; 19 to 23 are reported from the immediate coast between New Jersey and the Bay of Fundy; 20 to 25 are reported from the southern shores of Lakes Michigan, Huron and Ontario.

RELATIVE HUMIDITY

The lowest monthly averages of relative humidity have been as follows: Chevenne and Montgomery, 60; Cairo and Nashville, 59; Fort Gibson, 58; Lynchburg, 54; Salt Lake City, 53; Santa Fe, 32 per cent. The highest monthly averages have been: Mt. Washington, 88, (uncorrected;) Albany and Erie, 82; Cape May and Pembina, 81 per cent.

WINDS

Prevailing Winds—Are shown by the arrows upon Chart No. II. Southerly winds are reported from numerous stations west of the Mississippi. Southwest to northwest winds are reported from most stations in the Lake region, Middle and Eastern States.

ir fre Lake region, Middle and Eastern States.

Total movements of the Air.—The largest total movements are: Pike's Peak, 20,646 miles; Cape May, 33; Sandy Hook, 14,960; Cape Lookout, 13,721; Kittyhawk, 13,379; Barnegat, 12,575; Thatcher's Lookout, 12,126. The smallest total movements have been: Nashville, 4,503; Shreveport, 4,426; Lynchburg, 4,364; Salt Lake City, 4,219; Augusta, 3,964; Dubuque, 3,573.

Highest Winds.—The highest hourly velocities reported during the month are: at Mt. Washington, on the 4th and 19th, NW. 102; Pike's Peak, 6th, 84; Boston, 9th, SE. 72; Dodge City, 3rd, —72; Kittyhawk, 22nd, N. 72, and Breckenridge, — 75, (estimated.)

Local Storms, Tornadoes, &c.—On the 8th tornadoes passed over Mississippi, Alabama and Georgia. One appears to have developed in the southwestern part of Mississippi, passed northeastward to Tallapoosa county, Ala. Another passed over Mitchel, Thomas, Colquit and Worth counties, Ga. Martinsville, Ill., March 20th, 6:40 p. m. to 6:55 p. m. "a regular whirlwind, or series of whirlwinds moving due east. One passed about twenty links south of house; vortex was from four to six rods wide, blowing down trees, tences, hay-stacks, &c. Apother whirlwind, similar to the above, passed about six miles to the north."

VERIFICATIONS.

Indications.—The detailed comparison of the tri-daily weather "Indications" with the telegraphic weather reports for the succeeding twenty-four hours shows a general percentage of verifications of 84.6, and of omissions 0.5 per cent. The percentages for the four elements have been: Weather, 86.6; Wind, 83.2; Temperature, 85.1; Barometer, 83.7. The percentages for the geographical districts have been: New England, 82.8; Middle Atlantic States, 83.1; South Atlantic States, 88.6; East Gulf States, 89.4; West Gulf States, 85.8; Lower Lakes, 83.2; Upper Lakes, 80.1; Olio valley and Tenne see, 83.3; Lower Missouri valley, 84.5; Upper Mississippi valley, 85.6.

Cautionary Signals.—During the month 248 Cautionary Signals have been displayed at stations on the Gulf and Atlantic coasts and on Lake Michigan. Of these, 207, or 83 per cent., were justified by subsequent high winds within one hundred miles of the station where they were displayed, and 41; or 17 per cent., were not justified so far as known. Sixty-one instances of high winds when no signals were ordered were also reported from these stations during the month, of which 13 occurred at Cape Lookout, N. C.; where the orders to hoist signals were not received, owing to interrupted telegraphic communication.

NAVIGATION.

The highest and lowest stages of the rivers are shown in the table on chart No. III. With but few exceptions the rivers were decidedly higher at the close of the month than at the beginning. Several illustrations have occurred during the month of the effect of strong winds on the depth of water; for instance, southerly winds prevailed throughout the Mississippi and Missouri valleys on the 5th, but a high "norther," on the 6th, 7th and 8th, advanced southward. 'It prevailed at Omaha from the 6th to 10th; at Leavenworth from the 7th to 10th; at St. Louis and below from the 8th to 10th. The water was driven southward from the upper stations, falling 4 ft. 2 in. at Plattsmouth, 2 ft. at St. Joseph, &c., &c., but was heaped up at Cairo 8 ft. 1 in., and less at lower stations, remaining nearly stationary at St. Louis. Many of the lowest waters recorded on chart No. III occurred during this period.